



Commercial Accommodation Monitor: December 2018

Whanganui

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Preface

Commercial Accommodation Monitor: December 2018 – Whanganui presents comprehensive and impartial information on short-term commercial accommodation for the Whanganui Regional Tourism Organisation (RTO) area, from the Accommodation Survey. This survey is run by Stats NZ on behalf of the Ministry of Business, Innovation & Employment.

The data relates to the areas covered by the following local authority:

- Whanganui District

Comparisons of monthly data with the same month of the previous year need to be treated with caution, as data for one period may be influenced by events for which there is no equivalent in the previous period (eg Chinese New Year, Easter).

More data and commentary is available on the stats NZ website (www.stats.govt.nz).

The January 2019 monitor will be released on 14 March 2019.

Liz MacPherson
Government Statistician

Standards and further information

Percentage changes

Percentage movements are, in a number of cases, calculated using data of greater precision than that published. This could result in slight variations.

Rounding procedures

On occasion, figures are rounded to the nearest thousand or some other convenient unit. This may result in a total disagreeing slightly with the total of the individual items as shown in tables. Where figures are rounded the unit is in general expressed in words below the table headings, but where space does not allow this the unit may be shown as (000) for thousands, etc.

Source

All data is compiled by Stats NZ, except where otherwise stated. Both administrative and survey data has been used in this report.

Liability

While all care and diligence has been used in processing, analysing and extracting data and information in this report, Stats NZ gives no warranty it is error free and will not be liable for any loss or damage suffered as a result of the use, directly or indirectly, of information in this report.

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1 Highlights

Monthly highlights

In December 2018 compared with December 2017:

- Guest nights rose 10.0 percent to 20,583
- International guest nights rose 9.2 percent to 5,921
- Domestic guest nights rose 10.3 percent to 14,662
- The average length of stay rose from 1.74 nights to 1.76 nights
- The overall occupancy rate rose from 33.9 percent to 37.6 percent
- Accommodation capacity, excluding holiday parks, rose 0.2 percent.

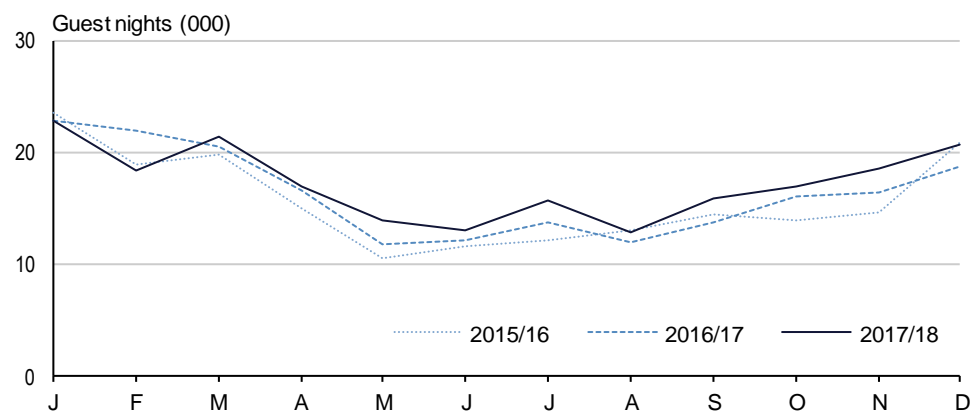
Response rates for December 2018

The response rate for the Whanganui RTO area was 97 percent for December 2018.

The proportion of the origin-of-guest estimate from unadjusted data was 79 percent.

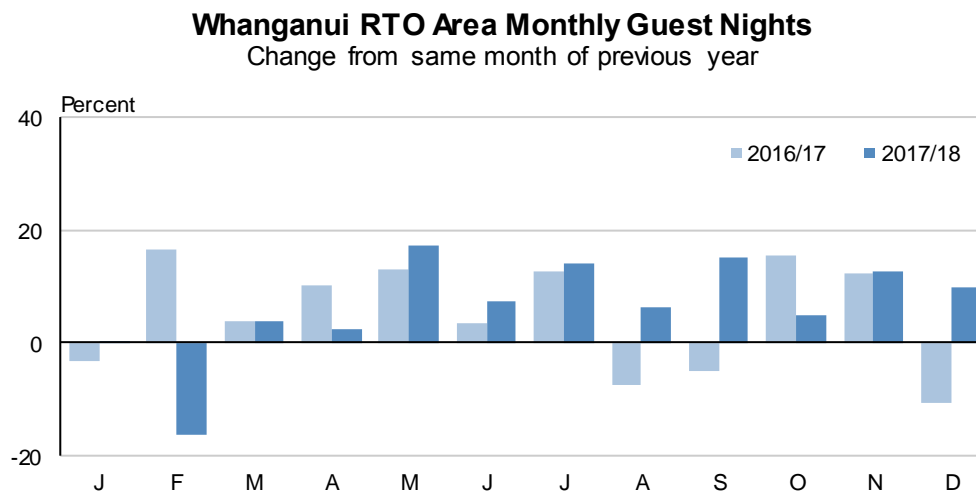
Figure 1.1

Whanganui RTO Area Monthly Guest Nights



Source: Stats NZ

Figure 1.2



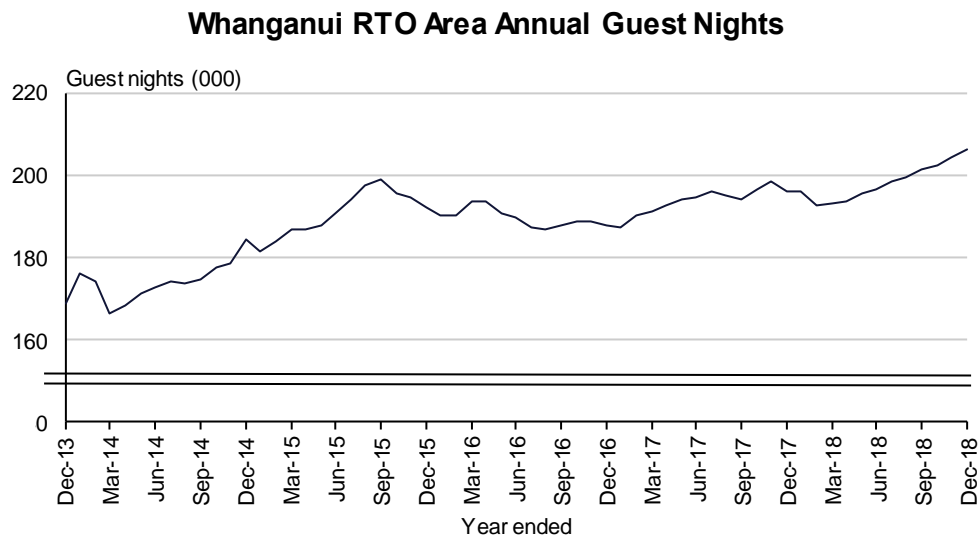
Source: Stats NZ

Year ended highlights

For the year ended December 2018 compared with the previous year:

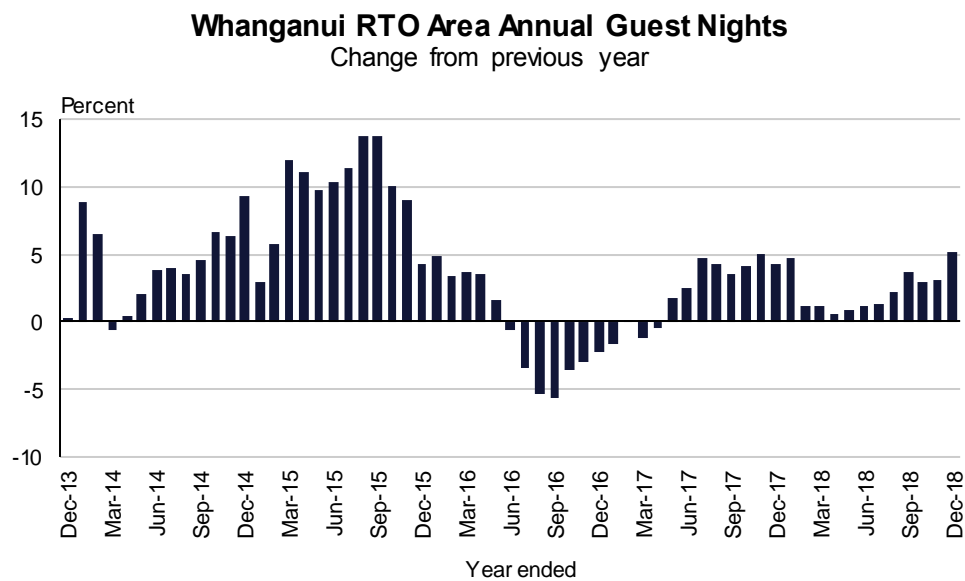
- Guest nights rose 5.2 percent to 206,161
- International guest nights fell 3.6 percent to 43,578
- Domestic guest nights rose 7.8 percent to 162,583
- The average length of stay rose from 1.76 nights to 1.87 nights
- The overall occupancy rate rose from 32.8 percent to 34.7 percent
- Accommodation capacity, excluding holiday parks, fell 1.2 percent.

Figure 1.3



Source: Stats NZ

Figure 1.4



Source: Stats NZ

2 Accommodation variables

In December 2018, compared with December 2017, there was an increase of 10.0 percent in total guest nights for the Whanganui RTO area.

For the year ended December 2018, compared with the previous December year, total guest nights for the Whanganui RTO area increased 5.2 percent.

See table 2.1 for comparisons of data across the main accommodation variables.

Table 2.1

Whanganui Accommodation Variables*By accommodation type
Monthly and year ended⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾*

Accommodation type	Monthly			Annual		
	December		Percentage change	Year ended		Percentage change
	2017	2018		December 2017	December 2018	
Guest nights						
Total guest nights	18,713	20,583	10.0	196,041	206,161	5.2
International	5,424	5,921	9.2	45,205	43,578	-3.6
Domestic	13,290	14,662	10.3	150,837	162,583	7.8
Hotels	C	C	C	C	C	C
Motels/apartments	7,547	9,171	21.5	101,227	110,698	9.4
Backpackers	2,918	3,118	6.9	24,440	C	C
Holiday parks	C	C	C	C	C	C
Occupancy rates ⁽³⁾ (%)						
Hotels	C	C	C	C	C	C
Motels/apartments	45.4	49.3	8.7	52.7	54.5	3.5
Backpackers	44.8	59.4	32.6	C	49.7	C
Holiday parks	C	C	C	C	C	C
Total	33.9	37.6	10.7	32.8	34.7	5.6
Total excluding holiday parks ⁽⁴⁾	C	C	C	C	C	C
Average length of stay ⁽⁵⁾						
Hotels	C	C	C	C	C	C
Motels/apartments	1.53	1.64	6.9	1.62	1.72	6.1
Backpackers	1.86	1.59	-14.6	2.04	C	C
Holiday parks	C	C	C	C	C	C
Total	1.74	1.76	1.0	1.76	1.87	6.2
Guest arrivals						
Hotels	C	C	C	C	C	C
Motels/apartments	4,934	5,608	13.7	62,553	64,470	3.1
Backpackers	1,573	1,967	25.1	11,961	14,715	23.0
Holiday parks	C	C	C	C	C	C
Total	10,757	11,717	8.9	111,525	110,472	-0.9
Establishments						
Hotels	3	3	0.0	3	3	0.0
Motels/apartments	17	17	0.0	17	17	0.0
Backpackers	5	5	0.0	5	5	0.0
Holiday parks	4	4	0.0	4	4	0.0
Total	29	29	0.0	29	29	0.0
Capacity ⁽⁶⁾						
Hotels	3,441	3,472	0.9	41,363	40,821	-1.3
Motels/apartments	9,672	9,672	0.0	113,668	113,880	0.2
Backpackers	3,689	3,689	0.0	41,600	39,610	-4.8
Holiday parks	11,408	11,408	0.0	133,472	134,196	0.5
Total	28,210	28,241	0.1	330,103	328,507	-0.5

(1) Reclassifications, new businesses, ceased businesses, and temporary closures may affect figures.

(2) Irregular events, such as airshows and Easter, may affect percentage changes and other figures.

(3) Occupancy rates are calculated as the ratio of used stay-unit nights to available stay-unit nights.

(4) Holiday parks often have high capacity and can mislead when included in total occupancy rates.

(5) Average length of stay is calculated as the ratio of guest nights to guest arrivals.

(6) Capacity is calculated as the number of available stay-units multiplied by the number of days in the month.

Symbol:

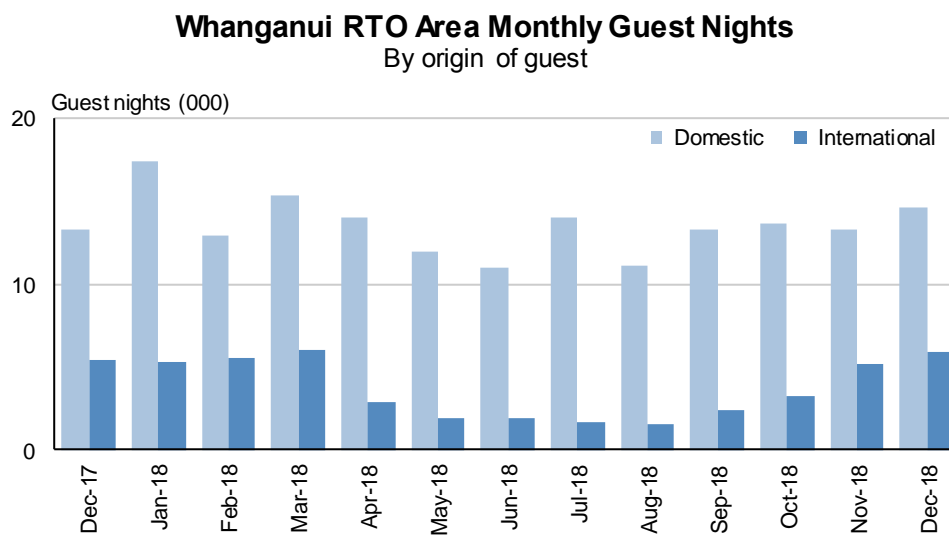
C confidential

3 Origin of guests

In December 2018, international guests accounted for 28.8 percent of all guest nights in the Whanganui RTO area. When compared with December 2017, the number of international guest nights spent in the area in December 2018 was up 9.2 percent to 5,921. Domestic guest nights increased 10.3 percent, to 14,662, for the same period.

The proportion of the origin-of-guest estimate from actual data was 79 percent for December 2018.

Figure 3.1



Source: Stats NZ

Table 3.1

Whanganui and New Zealand Monthly Guest Nights*By origin of guest*

		Whanganui RTO ⁽¹⁾ area			New Zealand		
		Origin of guest		Total	Origin of guest		Total
		Domestic	International		Domestic	International	
Month							
2017	Dec	13,290	5,424	18,713	2,215,289	1,926,411	4,141,700
2018	Jan	17,397	5,313	22,711	2,851,307	2,117,813	4,969,120
	Feb	12,883	5,510	18,393	1,938,307	2,092,637	4,030,944
	Mar	15,314	6,001	21,315	2,180,388	1,996,067	4,176,455
	Apr	14,007	2,895	16,902	1,860,719	1,569,372	3,430,091
	May	11,966	1,882	13,848	1,493,682	1,047,474	2,541,156
	Jun	10,947	1,970	12,917	1,443,331	824,407	2,267,738
	Jul	13,966	1,660	15,627	1,688,075	989,310	2,677,385
	Aug	11,171	1,567	12,738	1,571,502	952,679	2,524,181
	Sep	13,339	2,441	15,780	1,701,704	1,046,180	2,747,884
	Oct	13,621	3,263	16,884	1,954,146	1,314,205	3,268,352
	Nov	13,308	5,155	18,463	1,804,941	1,730,166	3,535,107
	Dec	14,662	5,921	20,583	2,289,702	1,908,866	4,198,568
Percent change from the current month of the previous year							
		10.3	9.2	10.0	3.4	-0.9	1.4
Year ended							
December 2017		150,837	45,205	196,041	22,225,169	17,239,262	39,464,431
December 2018		162,583	43,578	206,161	22,777,803	17,589,177	40,366,980
Percent change from previous year							
		7.8	-3.6	5.2	2.5	2.0	2.3

(1) Regional tourism organisation

4 National results

In December 2018, a total of 4,199,000 guest nights were spent in short-term commercial accommodation in New Zealand, an increase of 57,000 nights (1.4 percent) from December 2017. North Island guest nights were relatively unchanged (up 1,000 or 0.1 percent) while the South Island recorded an increase (up 55,000 or 3.1 percent).

Three of the four accommodation types recorded an increase in guest nights in December 2018, compared with December 2017. Hotels had the largest increase in guest nights (up 39,000 or 3.0 percent), followed by holiday parks (up 22,000 or 1.9 percent) and motels (up 19,000 or 1.6 percent). Backpackers had the only decrease in guest nights (down 24,000 or 4.6 percent).

For the year ended December 2018, there were 40,367,000 guest nights, an increase of 903,000 (2.29 percent) from the previous December year.

Refer to Table 4.1 for comparisons of data.

Table 4.1

Whanganui and New Zealand Guest Nights

*By accommodation type
Monthly and year ended*

Accommodation type	Total guest nights			Percentage change	
	2016	2017	2018	2016 to 2017	2017 to 2018
December month					
Whanganui RTO area					
Hotels	C	C	C	C	C
Motels	7,738	7,547	9,171	-2.5	21.5
Backpackers	2,288	2,918	3,118	27.5	6.9
Holiday parks	C	C	C	C	C
Total	20,900	18,713	20,583	-10.5	10.0
New Zealand					
Hotels	1,237,791	1,303,962	1,343,454	5.3	3.0
Motels	1,156,389	1,166,005	1,184,840	0.8	1.6
Backpackers	507,624	512,453	488,807	1.0	-4.6
Holiday parks	1,081,525	1,159,280	1,181,467	7.2	1.9
Total	3,983,330	4,141,700	4,198,568	4.0	1.4
Year ended December					
Whanganui RTO area					
Hotels	C	C	C	C	C
Motels	99,034	101,227	110,698	2.2	9.4
Backpackers	22,293	24,440	C	9.6	C
Holiday parks	C	C	C	C	C
Total	187,940	196,041	206,161	4.3	5.2
New Zealand					
Hotels	13,606,865	13,932,801	14,457,019	2.4	3.8
Motels	12,128,919	12,359,189	12,483,219	1.9	1.0
Backpackers	5,154,200	5,210,060	5,061,309	1.1	-2.9
Holiday parks	7,610,913	7,962,381	8,365,433	4.6	5.1
Total	38,500,897	39,464,431	40,366,980	2.5	2.3

5 Regional comparison

In December 2018, Mackenzie recorded the largest increase in guest nights (up 20,000 or 23.8 percent) from December 2017. This was followed by Queenstown (up 17,000 or 4.9 percent), Canterbury (up 13,000 or 3.4 percent), Coromandel (up 10,000 or 8.0 percent), and Auckland (up 8,000 or 1.3 percent).

Rotorua recorded the largest decrease (down 12,000 or 5.0 percent), followed Hawke's Bay (down 9,000 or 6.9 percent), Taupo (down 6,000 or 4.5 percent), Hurunui (down 4,000 or 11.1 percent), and Taranaki (down 3,000 or 4.9 percent).

Table 5.1

Regional Tourism Organisation Areas' Monthly Guest Nights*By origin of guest*

RTO area	December guest nights								
	Domestic			International			Total		
	2017	2018	Percent age change	2017	2018	Percent age change	2017	2018	Percent age change
Northland	172,990	170,427	-1.5	80,171	83,177	3.7	253,161	253,604	0.2
Auckland	334,905	331,995	-0.9	328,564	339,830	3.4	663,469	671,825	1.3
Coromandel	83,579	96,121	15.0	38,501	35,677	-7.3	122,080	131,798	8.0
Waikato	95,372	102,067	7.0	47,667	43,774	-8.2	143,039	145,841	2.0
Bay of Plenty	93,703	95,896	2.3	36,549	32,687	-10.6	130,251	128,583	-1.3
Rotorua	108,310	109,842	1.4	128,902	115,496	-10.4	237,211	225,338	-5.0
Taupo	74,720	72,793	-2.6	54,637	50,775	-7.1	129,357	123,568	-4.5
Whakatane-									
Kawerau	32,399	30,976	-4.4	8,224	6,685	-18.7	40,623	37,661	-7.3
Gisborne	38,859	40,167	3.4	7,648	5,266	-31.1	46,507	45,433	-2.3
Taranaki	56,378	53,003	-6.0	14,140	14,036	-0.7	70,518	67,039	-4.9
Hawke's Bay	95,474	90,833	-4.9	41,403	36,574	-11.7	136,877	127,406	-6.9
Ruapehu	23,913	22,596	-5.5	22,112	22,500	1.8	46,025	45,097	-2.0
Manawatu	35,879	40,580	13.1	7,451	7,515	0.9	43,331	48,095	11.0
Whanganui	13,290	14,662	10.3	5,424	5,921	9.2	18,713	20,583	10.0
Wairarapa	20,217	23,880	18.1	5,604	4,377	-21.9	25,821	28,257	9.4
Kapiti-Horowhenua	25,052	29,495	17.7	4,957	5,616	13.3	30,009	35,111	17.0
Wellington	143,605	150,437	4.8	89,162	85,527	-4.1	232,767	235,964	1.4
Marlborough	42,391	45,162	6.5	34,933	36,170	3.5	77,325	81,332	5.2
Nelson-Tasman	115,477	117,057	1.4	71,665	72,466	1.1	187,142	189,523	1.3
Canterbury	189,450	192,505	1.6	196,972	207,221	5.2	386,423	399,727	3.4
Hurunui	23,547	22,792	-3.2	15,159	11,624	-23.3	38,706	34,416	-11.1
Mackenzie	23,407	38,266	63.5	62,737	68,376	9.0	86,144	106,642	23.8
Timaru	22,129	22,152	0.1	11,187	11,470	2.5	33,317	33,622	0.9
West Coast	49,846	51,329	3.0	115,647	111,833	-3.3	165,493	163,162	-1.4
Wanaka	44,648	48,454	8.5	61,401	59,180	-3.6	106,049	107,635	1.5
Queenstown	91,943	108,916	18.5	260,528	260,667	0.1	352,472	369,583	4.9
Waitaki	31,263	28,922	-7.5	20,747	23,329	12.4	52,010	52,251	0.5
Central Otago	39,032	34,817	-10.8	9,949	11,864	19.3	48,981	46,681	-4.7
Dunedin	42,962	48,940	13.9	46,993	38,837	-17.4	89,955	87,777	-2.4
Clutha	6,230	6,581	5.6	4,134	4,733	14.5	10,364	11,315	9.2
Fiordland	21,139	25,002	18.3	71,569	71,899	0.5	92,708	96,902	4.5
Southland	23,178	23,035	-0.6	21,676	23,764	9.6	44,854	46,799	4.3
Total	2,215,289	2,289,702	3.4	1,926,411	1,908,866	-0.9	4,141,700	4,198,568	1.4

Table 5.2

Regional Tourism Organisation Areas' Monthly Occupancy Rates⁽¹⁾*By accommodation type*

RTO area	December 2018 occupancy rate					
	Accommodation type					Total excluding holiday parks ⁽²⁾
	Hotels	Motels	Backpackers	Holiday parks	Total	
	Percent					
Northland	52.7	65.7	50.0	30.8	41.0	57.1
Auckland	77.2	63.6	53.0	30.4	64.3	68.9
Coromandel	53.9	55.6	34.1	31.2	35.8	46.5
Waikato	57.7	61.6	50.4	31.8	48.1	58.0
Bay of Plenty	60.6	67.4	47.7	32.0	45.1	58.1
Rotorua	78.2	70.0	33.0	38.2	54.1	58.4
Taupo	60.5	64.4	47.8	29.7	48.3	57.2
Whakatane-Kawerau	C	59.4	C	19.4	27.2	52.8
Gisborne	C	63.4	C	18.6	30.1	54.4
Taranaki	47.4	42.5	44.4	32.2	39.6	44.6
Hawke's Bay	64.1	65.9	68.3	34.3	53.7	66.2
Ruapehu	49.7	35.9	24.5	48.2	35.6	33.1
Manawatu	37.4	52.2	C	C	40.0	C
Whanganui	C	49.3	59.4	C	37.6	C
Wairarapa	C	56.0	C	20.7	32.3	48.3
Kapiti-Horowhenua	C	60.2	C	26.3	27.8	29.4
Wellington	71.9	66.9	C	C	61.6	C
Marlborough	53.4	62.6	44.4	36.9	47.3	54.0
Nelson-Tasman	59.5	61.6	55.9	34.0	45.5	58.7
Canterbury	70.2	63.5	41.4	30.6	49.4	58.5
Hurunui	C	50.7	C	20.6	30.9	39.7
Mackenzie	C	70.0	C	70.5	74.1	75.9
Timaru	C	59.8	C	28.9	39.0	52.8
West Coast	59.8	63.6	45.4	36.6	50.5	56.2
Wanaka	67.9	82.5	68.5	46.6	58.4	71.8
Queenstown	84.2	72.3	78.3	46.3	75.4	80.0
Waitaki	46.4	64.4	35.6	9.3	18.2	52.1
Central Otago	31.8	63.5	49.2	19.5	27.3	50.5
Dunedin	61.8	67.9	38.1	43.1	55.6	58.9
Clutha	C	44.6	C	22.7	30.0	40.5
Fiordland	C	72.5	C	57.5	64.6	68.6
Southland	49.9	46.6	37.9	27.8	39.7	44.9
Total	69.6	62.4	48.2	30.8	49.9	60.8

(1) Occupancy rates are calculated as the ratio of stay unit nights to monthly capacity.

(2) Occupancy rates excluding holiday parks are included because the capacity of holiday parks can distort the total occupancy rates.

Symbols:

C confidential

... not applicable

6 Accommodation Survey technical notes

Data source

We collect data from accommodation providers or their representatives each month, mostly via a postal survey.

Coverage

The Accommodation Survey covers most short-term commercial accommodation in New Zealand.

The target population for this survey is all accommodation providers with the following characteristics:

- operating on a commercial basis
- providing mainly short-term (less than one month) accommodation
- economically significant (generally meaning being GST-registered and having a turnover of at least \$30,000 per year)
- included in class 4400 (accommodation) or class 4520 (pubs, taverns, and bars) in ANZSIC06 (Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification 2006)
- classified to 'hotels', 'motels', 'backpacker accommodation', or 'holiday parks'.

Excluded:

- hosted accommodation (such as 'bed & breakfast' establishments)
- marine vessels (such as cruise ships)
- private dwellings
- tramping huts (non-commercial)
- event-specific accommodation (such as temporary campervan parks)
- businesses that cease operation or no longer provide short-term commercial accommodation
- businesses that temporarily shut down (eg for renovations) – we remove them from the survey until they re-open.

Accommodation type classification

The predominant capacity provided by a business determines the accommodation type. For instance, if the business provides both motel and camping ground accommodation, but the majority of its stay units are motel rooms, then we classify it as a motel. We use the New Zealand Accommodation Classification, broadly defined below:

- hotels (including resorts)
- motels (including motor inns and serviced apartments)
- backpacker accommodation (including short-stay hostels)
- holiday parks (including caravan parks and camping grounds).

Confidentiality

'C' symbols are used in the tables where information has been suppressed. We do not release data from individual businesses.

Changes to survey content

Establishments may change the way they operate over time. If they do, they may be reclassified from one accommodation type to another. For example, if a holiday park adds sufficient motel units that it is operating more as a motel than a holiday park, it will be subject to reclassification to the 'motels' accommodation type. This type of change will tend to reduce surveyed guest nights and other figures for holiday parks (because there would be one fewer holiday park) while boosting guest nights and other figures for motels (because there would be one more motel).

Guest night and other movements, where the latest month is compared with the same month of the previous year, are affected for 12 months from the time that any reclassification is done. After 12 months, the reclassified establishment will appear in the same accommodation type in both comparison months.

Reclassifications of establishments are not the only changes that affect survey content and figures for the Accommodation Survey:

- When establishments temporarily cease operations, we take them out of the survey until they re-open. These changes affect figures for the number of establishments and available capacity.
- Businesses that start up, shut down, or move into or out of the short-term commercial accommodation industry also affect survey figures.

Survey errors

This survey aims for 100 percent coverage of the accommodation businesses in New Zealand (a full census). However, in practice, the overall response rate is usually between 76 and 80 percent. We estimate values for the remaining units based on the characteristics of similar establishments in the same or similar regions. This introduces unknown errors into the estimates, and users of the data should bear this in mind. The size of these unknown errors is difficult to quantify.

Other errors include respondent error, and errors in coverage, classification, and processing. Our editing processes identify and remove many errors, but some will likely remain. We cannot quantify the effect of the remaining errors.

Comparability

Accommodation Survey statistics are not always on the same basis as statistics from other sources. For example, 'average length of stay' in the Accommodation Survey is for all guests (domestic plus international), but in the [International Visitor Arrivals to New Zealand](#) reports, it is only for international guests.

More information

For further information on the Accommodation Survey, refer to webpage <https://www.stats.govt.nz/topics/accommodation>