



Commercial Accommodation Monitor:

April 2019

Central Otago

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Preface

Commercial Accommodation Monitor: April 2019 – Central Otago presents comprehensive and impartial information on short-term commercial accommodation for the Central Otago Regional Tourism Organisation (RTO) area, from the Accommodation Survey. This survey is run by Stats NZ on behalf of the Ministry of Business, Innovation & Employment.

The data relates to the areas covered by the following local authority:

- Central Otago District

Comparisons of monthly data with the same month of the previous year need to be treated with caution, as data for one period may be influenced by events for which there is no equivalent in the previous period (eg Chinese New Year, Easter).

More data and commentary is available on the Stats NZ website (www.stats.govt.nz).

The May 2019 monitor will be released on 12 July 2019.

Liz MacPherson

Government Statistician

Standards and further information

Percentage changes

Percentage movements are, in a number of cases, calculated using data of greater precision than that published. This could result in slight variations.

Rounding procedures

On occasion, figures are rounded to the nearest thousand or some other convenient unit. This may result in a total disagreeing slightly with the total of the individual items as shown in tables. Where figures are rounded the unit is in general expressed in words below the table headings, but where space does not allow this the unit may be shown as (000) for thousands, etc.

Source

All data is compiled by Stats NZ, except where otherwise stated. Both administrative and survey data has been used in this report.

Liability

While all care and diligence has been used in processing, analysing and extracting data and information in this report, Stats NZ gives no warranty it is error free and will not be liable for any loss or damage suffered as a result of the use, directly or indirectly, of information in this report.

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For help finding and using statistical information available on our website, contact the Information Centre:

Email:	info@stats.govt.nz
Phone toll-free:	0508 525 525
Phone international:	+64 4 931 4600
Fax:	+64 4 931 4610
Post:	P O Box 2922, Wellington 6140, New Zealand
Website:	www.stats.govt.nz

Contact for the Commercial Accommodation Monitor

Mark Darbyshire
Wellington 04 931 4600
Email: info@stats.govt.nz

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1 Highlights

Monthly highlights

In April 2019 compared with April 2018:

- Guest nights rose 0.7 percent to 33,008
- International guest nights fell 32.5 percent to 6,472
- Domestic guest nights rose 14.5 percent to 26,536
- The average length of stay rose from 2.07 nights to 2.11 nights
- The overall occupancy rate rose from 18.4 percent to 21.8 percent
- The occupancy rate, excluding holiday parks, was 55.2 percent in April 2019
- Accommodation capacity, excluding holiday parks, fell 0.3 percent.

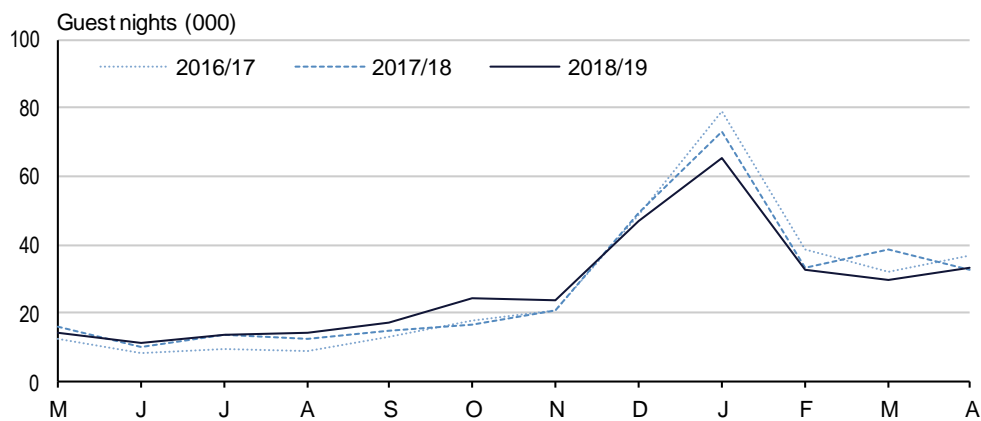
Response rates for April 2019

The response rate for the Central Otago RTO area was 80 percent for April 2019.

The proportion of the origin-of-guest estimate from unadjusted data was 80 percent.

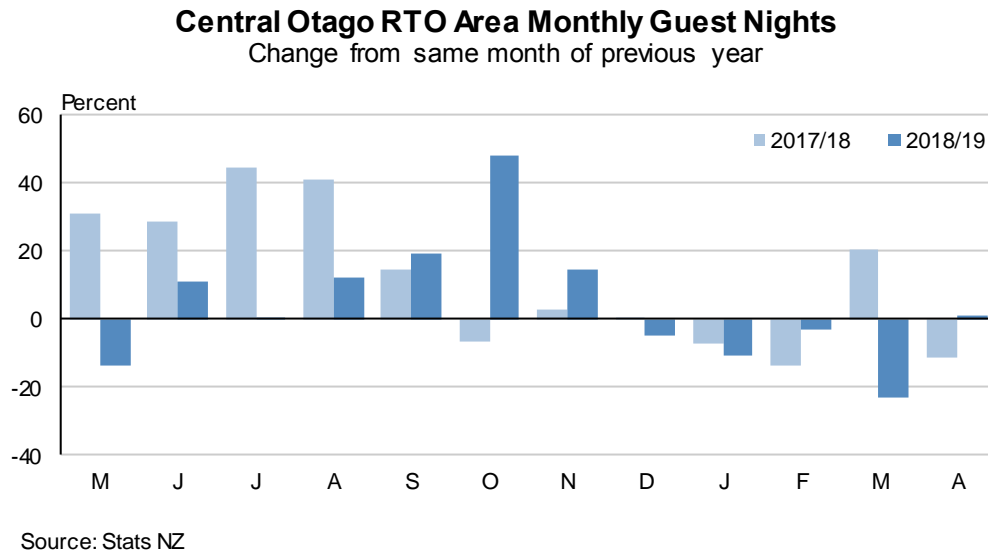
Figure 1.1

Central Otago RTO Area Monthly Guest Nights



Source: Stats NZ

Figure 1.2

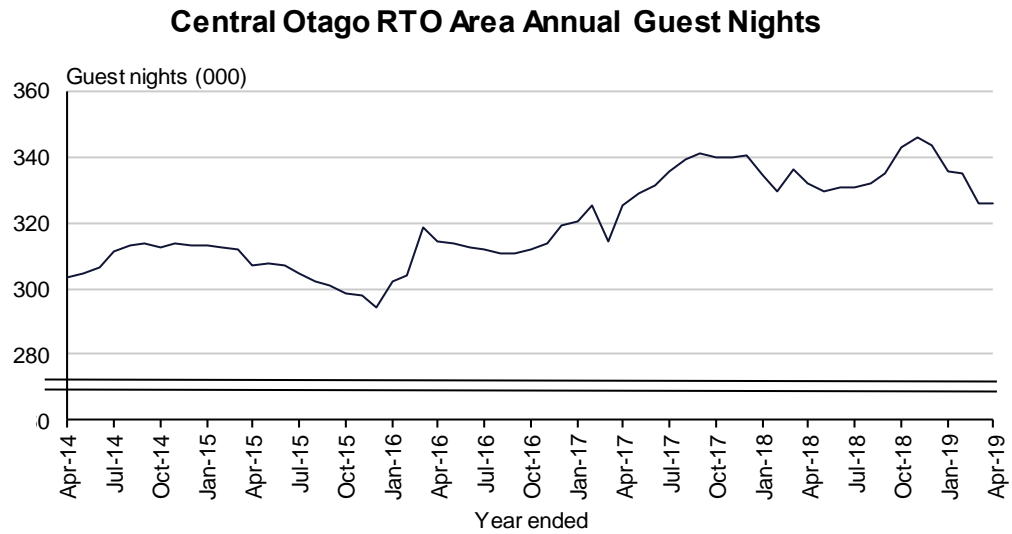


Year ended highlights

For the year ended April 2019 compared with the previous year:

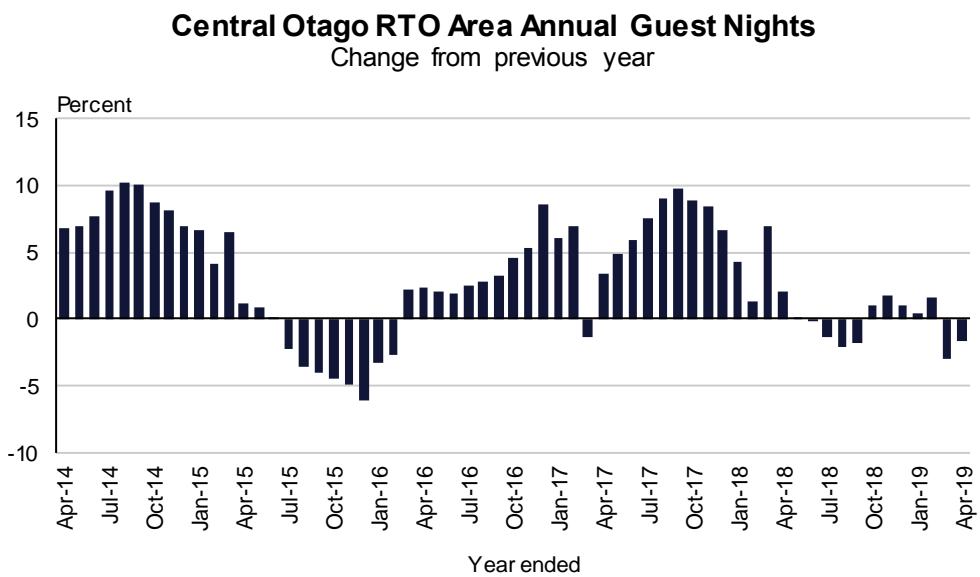
- Guest nights fell 1.7 percent to 325,918
- International guest nights fell 8.1 percent to 74,581
- Domestic guest nights rose 0.4 percent to 251,336
- The average length of stay rose from 2.24 nights to 2.26 nights
- The overall occupancy rate rose from 16.4 percent to 17.6 percent
- The occupancy rate, excluding holiday parks, was 42.9 percent for the year ended April 2019
- Accommodation capacity, excluding holiday parks, rose 3.0 percent.

Figure 1.3



Source: Stats NZ

Figure 1.4



Source: Stats NZ

2 Accommodation variables

In April 2019, compared with April 2018, there was an increase of 0.7 percent in total guest nights for the Central Otago RTO area.

For the year ended April 2019, compared with the previous April year, total guest nights for the Central Otago RTO area decreased 1.7 percent.

See table 2.1 for comparisons of data across the main accommodation variables.

Table 2.1

Central Otago Accommodation Variables*By accommodation type
Monthly and year ended⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾*

Accommodation type	Monthly			Annual		
	April		Percentage change	Year ended		Percentage change
	2018	2019		April 2018	April 2019	
Guest nights						
Total guest nights	32,777	33,008	0.7	331,556	325,918	-1.7
International	9,595	6,472	-32.5	81,134	74,581	-8.1
Domestic	23,182	26,536	14.5	250,422	251,336	0.4
Hotels	C	C	C	C	C	C
Motels/apartments	10,844	12,226	12.7	103,743	113,088	9.0
Backpackers	C	C	C	C	C	C
Holiday parks	14,379	14,353	-0.2	166,292	151,762	-8.7
Occupancy rates ⁽³⁾ (%)						
Hotels	C	C	C	C	C	C
Motels/apartments	64.5	75.5	17.0	56.3	61.8	9.8
Backpackers	C	C	C	C	C	C
Holiday parks	7.8	10.4	33.5	9.1	9.2	1.5
Total	18.4	21.8	18.7	16.4	17.6	7.6
Total excluding holiday parks ⁽⁴⁾	49.2	55.2	12.0	40.6	42.9	5.6
Average length of stay ⁽⁵⁾						
Hotels	C	C	C	C	C	C
Motels/apartments	1.42	1.57	10.2	1.57	1.66	6.1
Backpackers	C	C	C	C	C	C
Holiday parks	3.27	3.25	-0.6	3.26	3.36	3.2
Total	2.07	2.11	1.9	2.24	2.26	1.1
Guest arrivals						
Hotels	3,051	2,755	-9.7	C	C	C
Motels/apartments	7,630	7,805	2.3	66,114	67,953	2.8
Backpackers	744	664	-10.8	C	C	C
Holiday parks	4,402	4,422	0.5	51,030	45,147	-11.5
Total	15,826	15,646	-1.1	148,057	144,023	-2.7
Establishments						
Hotels	12	12	0.0	12	12	0.0
Motels/apartments	27	26	-3.7	27	26	-3.7
Backpackers	7	7	0.0	7	7	0.0
Holiday parks	9	9	0.0	9	9	0.0
Total	55	54	-1.8	55	54	-1.8
Capacity ⁽⁶⁾						
Hotels	5,310	5,190	-2.3	64,910	63,145	-2.7
Motels/apartments	8,220	8,340	1.5	97,614	97,760	0.1
Backpackers	7,200	7,140	-0.8	73,326	81,944	11.8
Holiday parks	60,600	60,600	0.0	788,330	734,181	-6.9
Total	81,330	81,270	-0.1	1,024,180	977,030	-4.6

(1) Reclassifications, new businesses, ceased businesses, and temporary closures may affect figures.

(2) Irregular events, such as airshows and Easter, may affect percentage changes and other figures.

(3) Occupancy rates are calculated as the ratio of used stay-unit nights to available stay-unit nights.

(4) Holiday parks often have high capacity and can mislead when included in total occupancy rates.

(5) Average length of stay is calculated as the ratio of guest nights to guest arrivals.

(6) Capacity is calculated as the number of available stay-units multiplied by the number of days in the month.

Symbol:

C confidential

3 Origin of guests

In April 2019, international guests accounted for 19.6 percent of all guest nights in the Central Otago RTO area. When compared with April 2018, the number of international guest nights spent in the area in April 2019 was down 32.5 percent to 6,472. Domestic guest nights increased 14.5 percent, to 26,536, for the same period.

The proportion of the origin-of-guest estimate from actual data was 80 percent for April 2019.

Figure 3.1

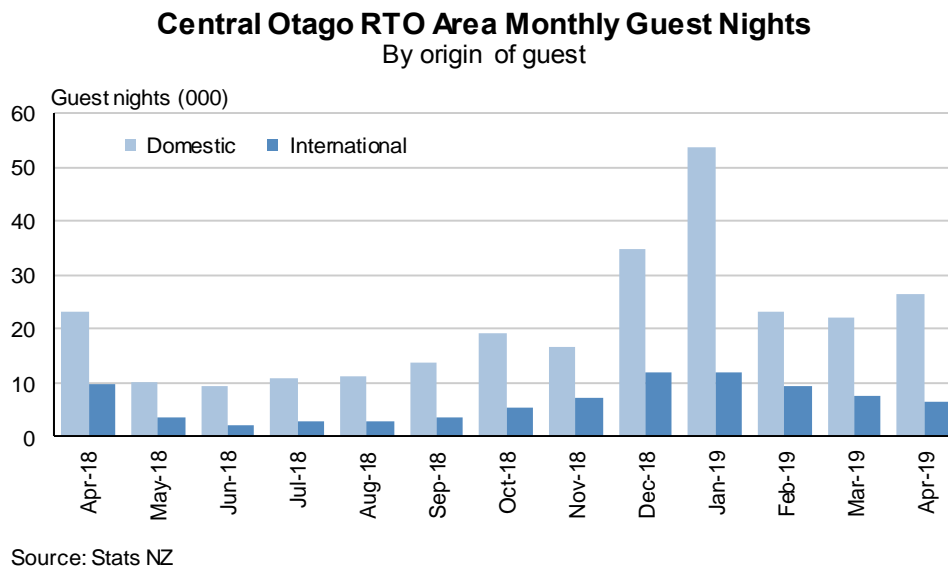


Table 3.1

Central Otago and New Zealand Monthly Guest Nights*By origin of guest*

		Central Otago RTO ⁽¹⁾ area			New Zealand		
		Origin of guest		Total	Origin of guest		Total
		Domestic	International		Domestic	International	
Month							
2018	Apr	23,182	9,595	32,777	1,860,719	1,569,372	3,430,091
	May	10,157	3,772	13,929	1,493,682	1,047,474	2,541,156
	Jun	9,336	2,080	11,416	1,443,331	824,407	2,267,738
	Jul	10,677	2,940	13,617	1,688,075	989,310	2,677,385
	Aug	11,253	2,694	13,946	1,571,502	952,679	2,524,181
	Sep	13,887	3,557	17,444	1,701,704	1,046,180	2,747,884
	Oct	19,174	5,372	24,546	1,954,146	1,314,205	3,268,352
	Nov	16,811	7,187	23,998	1,804,941	1,730,166	3,535,107
	Dec	34,817	11,864	46,681	2,289,702	1,908,866	4,198,568
2019	Jan	53,568	11,878	65,446	2,879,204	2,088,517	4,967,720
	Feb	23,142	9,236	32,378	1,988,788	2,026,586	4,015,374
	Mar	21,979	7,530	29,509	2,125,847	1,882,162	4,008,009
	Apr	26,536	6,472	33,008	2,123,710	1,480,938	3,604,648
Percent change from the current month of the previous year							
		14.5	-32.5	0.7	14.1	-5.6	5.1
Year ended							
April 2018		250,422	81,134	331,556	22,271,068	17,623,255	39,894,323
April 2019		251,336	74,581	325,918	23,064,630	17,291,491	40,356,122
Percent change from previous year							
		0.4	-8.1	-1.7	3.6	-1.9	1.2

(1) Regional tourism organisation

4 National results

In April 2019, a total of 3,605,000 guest nights were spent in short-term commercial accommodation in New Zealand, an increase of 175,000 nights (5.1 percent) from April 2018. Both the North Island (up 163,000 or 8.4 percent) and South Island (up 12,000 or 0.8 percent) recorded an increase.

All four accommodation types recorded an increase in guest nights in April 2019, compared with April 2018.

Holiday parks had the largest increase in guest nights (up 97,000 or 14.1 percent), followed by motels (up 43,000 or 4.0 percent), hotels (up 32,000 or 2.6 percent), and backpackers (up 4,000 or 0.8 percent).

Refer to Table 4.1 for comparisons of data.

Table 4.1

Central Otago and New Zealand Guest Nights

*By accommodation type
Monthly and year ended*

Accommodation type	Total guest nights			Percentage change	
	2017	2018	2019	2017 to 2018	2018 to 2019
April month					
Central Otago RTO area					
Hotels	3,958	C	C	C	C
Motels	10,312	10,844	12,226	5.2	12.7
Backpackers	4,757	C	C	C	C
Holiday parks	18,007	14,379	14,353	-20.1	-0.2
Total	37,034	32,777	33,008	-11.5	0.7
New Zealand					
Hotels	1,211,447	1,231,626	1,263,401	1.7	2.6
Motels	1,098,516	1,066,454	1,109,045	-2.9	4.0
Backpackers	462,266	447,347	450,966	-3.2	0.8
Holiday parks	689,866	684,664	781,236	-0.8	14.1
Total	3,462,094	3,430,091	3,604,648	-0.9	5.1
Year ended April					
Central Otago RTO area					
Hotels	C	C	C	C	C
Motels	88,913	103,743	113,088	16.7	9.0
Backpackers	C	C	C	C	C
Holiday parks	C	166,292	151,762	C	-8.7
Total	324,922	331,556	325,918	2.0	-1.7
New Zealand					
Hotels	13,643,421	14,179,684	14,489,525	3.9	2.2
Motels	12,164,449	12,346,076	12,479,951	1.5	1.1
Backpackers	5,167,120	5,166,946	4,986,469	0.0	-3.5
Holiday parks	7,665,801	8,201,617	8,400,177	7.0	2.4
Total	38,640,791	39,894,323	40,356,122	3.2	1.2

5 Regional comparison

In April 2019, Northland recorded the largest increase in guest nights (up 26,000 or 16.9 percent) from April 2018. This was followed by Auckland (up 19,000 or 3.1 percent), Waikato (up 18,000 or 16.5 percent), Bay of Plenty (up 17,000 or 17.4 percent), and Rotorua (up 16,000 or 7.7 percent).

West Coast recorded the largest decrease (down 16,000 or 12.2 percent), followed by Queenstown (down 3,000 or 1.0 percent), Dunedin (down 2,000 or 2.3 percent), and Fiordland (down 1,000 or 2.0 percent).

Table 5.1

Regional Tourism Organisation Areas' Monthly Guest Nights*By origin of guest*

RTO area	April guest nights								
	Domestic			International			Total		
	2018	2019	Percent age change	2018	2019	Percent age change	2018	2019	Percent age change
Northland	96,550	123,038	27.4	57,326	56,909	-0.7	153,876	179,947	16.9
Auckland	299,037	321,969	7.7	300,629	296,415	-1.4	599,667	618,384	3.1
Coromandel	52,765	62,443	18.3	25,395	22,437	-11.6	78,160	84,881	8.6
Waikato	78,515	101,040	28.7	32,957	28,874	-12.4	111,472	129,914	16.5
Bay of Plenty	70,892	85,035	19.9	27,516	30,457	10.7	98,409	115,492	17.4
Rotorua	106,277	125,032	17.6	96,291	93,144	-3.3	202,568	218,176	7.7
Taupo	60,385	68,738	13.8	35,174	33,070	-6.0	95,558	101,808	6.5
Whakatane-									
Kawerau	15,441	19,492	26.2	4,760	4,894	2.8	20,200	24,386	20.7
Gisborne	28,632	36,877	28.8	4,920	5,251	6.7	33,552	42,128	25.6
Taranaki	49,182	50,282	2.2	9,760	10,757	10.2	58,942	61,038	3.6
Hawke's Bay	78,196	88,001	12.5	24,702	24,614	-0.4	102,898	112,615	9.4
Ruapehu	17,895	21,112	18.0	13,162	14,142	7.4	31,057	35,253	13.5
Manawatu	36,513	44,013	20.5	7,783	5,913	-24.0	44,296	49,926	12.7
Whanganui	14,007	15,775	12.6	2,895	3,215	11.1	16,902	18,990	12.3
Wairarapa	20,300	21,534	6.1	3,361	2,765	-17.7	23,662	24,299	2.7
Kapiti-Horowhenua	20,660	23,010	11.4	3,697	3,413	-7.7	24,357	26,423	8.5
Wellington	158,933	172,191	8.3	72,103	73,487	1.9	231,036	245,677	6.3
Marlborough	40,794	47,103	15.5	26,197	26,152	-0.2	66,991	73,255	9.4
Nelson-Tasman	71,198	80,660	13.3	46,235	43,741	-5.4	117,433	124,401	5.9
Canterbury	169,923	196,081	15.4	174,691	154,084	-11.8	344,615	350,164	1.6
Hurunui	24,606	25,560	3.9	10,405	12,346	18.7	35,012	37,906	8.3
Mackenzie	26,429	29,194	10.5	57,720	58,747	1.8	84,148	87,941	4.5
Timaru	19,190	21,706	13.1	8,691	9,454	8.8	27,882	31,161	11.8
West Coast	45,983	50,696	10.2	86,924	66,002	-24.1	132,907	116,697	-12.2
Wanaka	27,225	34,346	26.2	55,186	49,332	-10.6	82,411	83,679	1.5
Queenstown	90,192	99,789	10.6	237,587	224,748	-5.4	327,780	324,537	-1.0
Waitaki	18,533	26,224	41.5	17,404	13,970	-19.7	35,937	40,193	11.8
Central Otago	23,182	26,536	14.5	9,595	6,472	-32.5	32,777	33,008	0.7
Dunedin	49,226	51,569	4.8	36,492	32,135	-11.9	85,718	83,704	-2.3
Clutha	5,523	5,702	3.2	3,499	3,529	0.9	9,022	9,231	2.3
Fiordland	17,419	23,522	35.0	58,526	50,925	-13.0	75,945	74,447	-2.0
Southland	27,116	25,444	-6.2	17,788	19,543	9.9	44,904	44,987	0.2
Total	1,860,719	2,123,710	14.1	1,569,372	1,480,938	-5.6	3,430,091	3,604,648	5.1

Table 5.2

Regional Tourism Organisation Areas' Monthly Occupancy Rates⁽¹⁾*By accommodation type*

RTO area	April 2019 occupancy rate					
	Accommodation type					
	Hotels	Motels	Backpackers	Holiday parks	Total	Total excluding holiday parks ⁽²⁾
	Percent					
Northland	52.3	58.2	35.4	18.1	30.4	49.7
Auckland	73.6	58.3	54.2	30.6	61.7	66.1
Coromandel	50.2	49.3	24.6	20.6	26.2	39.1
Waikato	59.9	60.7	42.5	23.6	44.4	56.1
Bay of Plenty	64.2	65.9	43.2	30.2	43.5	56.5
Rotorua	84.2	73.5	33.6	34.1	55.7	61.6
Taupo	63.6	62.9	47.5	21.5	45.4	57.6
Whakatane-Kawerau	C	67.7	C	13.2	24.0	57.9
Gisborne	C	70.6	C	13.5	28.1	61.1
Taranaki	49.1	56.7	29.4	25.4	39.4	48.7
Hawke's Bay	68.2	70.5	54.3	28.6	50.9	65.2
Ruapehu	42.8	28.8	24.5	27.8	29.3	29.6
Manawatu	47.4	58.5	C	C	42.9	C
Whanganui	C	53.0	44.7	C	35.3	C
Wairarapa	C	55.5	C	15.4	30.0	49.4
Kapiti-Horowhenua	C	64.7	C	16.0	24.2	33.4
Wellington	79.0	73.4	C	C	66.8	C
Marlborough	66.8	70.0	39.9	33.6	48.3	57.8
Nelson-Tasman	54.6	59.0	54.4	18.6	36.1	56.3
Canterbury	71.2	63.8	43.9	24.0	47.8	59.9
Hurunui	58.8	60.0	34.1	21.1	36.4	49.6
Mackenzie	C	68.6	C	44.3	65.6	76.0
Timaru	C	64.5	C	25.8	38.8	57.0
West Coast	49.0	54.3	35.2	22.6	39.2	46.0
Wanaka	70.4	78.3	69.5	30.1	49.8	72.0
Queenstown	83.6	63.7	76.3	43.9	72.7	77.3
Waitaki	49.6	66.3	30.2	7.5	17.2	53.8
Central Otago	C	75.5	C	10.4	21.8	55.2
Dunedin	67.1	73.9	47.6	33.4	58.8	65.4
Clutha	C	45.0	C	14.8	25.8	41.3
Fiordland	69.9	67.3	43.2	40.8	51.9	58.2
Southland	48.1	57.4	42.0	14.5	38.8	49.8
Total	69.8	62.4	46.5	22.4	46.6	60.3

(1) Occupancy rates are calculated as the ratio of stay unit nights to monthly capacity.

(2) Occupancy rates excluding holiday parks are included because the capacity of holiday parks can distort the total occupancy rates.

Symbols:

C confidential

... not applicable

6 Accommodation Survey technical notes

Data source

We collect data from accommodation providers or their representatives each month, mostly via a postal survey.

Coverage

The Accommodation Survey covers most short-term commercial accommodation in New Zealand.

The target population for this survey is all accommodation providers with the following characteristics:

- operating on a commercial basis
- providing mainly short-term (less than one month) accommodation
- economically significant (generally meaning being GST-registered and having a turnover of at least \$30,000 per year)
- included in class 4400 (accommodation) or class 4520 (pubs, taverns, and bars) in ANZSIC06 (Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification 2006)
- classified to 'hotels', 'motels', 'backpacker accommodation', or 'holiday parks'.

Excluded:

- hosted accommodation (such as 'bed & breakfast' establishments)
- marine vessels (such as cruise ships)
- private dwellings
- tramping huts (non-commercial)
- event-specific accommodation (such as temporary campervan parks)
- businesses that cease operation or no longer provide short-term commercial accommodation
- businesses that temporarily shut down (eg for renovations) – we remove them from the survey until they re-open.

Accommodation type classification

The predominant capacity provided by a business determines the accommodation type. For instance, if the business provides both motel and camping ground accommodation, but the majority of its stay units are motel rooms, then we classify it as a motel. We use the New Zealand Accommodation Classification, broadly defined below:

- hotels (including resorts)
- motels (including motor inns and serviced apartments)
- backpacker accommodation (including short-stay hostels)
- holiday parks (including caravan parks and camping grounds).

Confidentiality

'C' symbols are used in the tables where information has been suppressed. We do not release data from individual businesses.

Changes to survey content

Establishments may change the way they operate over time. If they do, they may be reclassified from one accommodation type to another. For example, if a holiday park adds sufficient motel units that it is operating more as a motel than a holiday park, it will be subject to reclassification to the 'motels' accommodation type. This type of change will tend to reduce surveyed guest nights and other figures for holiday parks (because there would be one fewer holiday park) while boosting guest nights and other figures for motels (because there would be one more motel).

Guest night and other movements, where the latest month is compared with the same month of the previous year, are affected for 12 months from the time that any reclassification is done. After 12 months, the reclassified establishment will appear in the same accommodation type in both comparison months.

Reclassifications of establishments are not the only changes that affect survey content and figures for the Accommodation Survey:

- When establishments temporarily cease operations, we take them out of the survey until they re-open. These changes affect figures for the number of establishments and available capacity.
- Businesses that start up, shut down, or move into or out of the short-term commercial accommodation industry also affect survey figures.

Survey errors

This survey aims for 100 percent coverage of the accommodation businesses in New Zealand (a full census). However, in practice, the overall response rate is usually between 76 and 80 percent. We estimate values for the remaining units based on the characteristics of similar establishments in the same or similar regions. This introduces unknown errors into the estimates, and users of the data should bear this in mind. The size of these unknown errors is difficult to quantify.

Other errors include respondent error, and errors in coverage, classification, and processing. Our editing processes identify and remove many errors, but some will likely remain. We cannot quantify the effect of the remaining errors.

Comparability

Accommodation Survey statistics are not always on the same basis as statistics from other sources. For example, 'average length of stay' in the Accommodation Survey is for all guests (domestic plus international), but in the [International Visitor Arrivals to New Zealand](#) reports, it is only for international guests.

More information

For further information on the Accommodation Survey, refer to webpage <https://www.stats.govt.nz/topics/accommodation>