

Commercial Accommodation Monitor: September 2019

Timaru

This is the final release of accommodation survey information by Stats NZ.

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	Citation
Stats NZ (2	2019). Commercial Accommodation Monitor: September 2019— Timaru. Welling Stats NZ
	Published in November 2019 by
	Stats NZ
	Tatauranga Aotearoa
	Wellington, New Zealand

Preface

Commercial Accommodation Monitor: September 2019 – Timaru presents comprehensive and impartial information on short-term commercial accommodation for the Timaru Regional Tourism Organisation (RTO) area, from the Accommodation Survey. This survey is run by Stats NZ on behalf of the Ministry of Business, Innovation & Employment.

The data relates to the areas covered by the following local authority:

• Timaru District

Comparisons of monthly data with the same month of the previous year need to be treated with caution, as data for one period may be influenced by events for which there is no equivalent in the previous period (eg Chinese New Year, Easter).

More data and commentary is available on the Stats NZ website (www.stats.govt.nz).

This is the final release of the accommodation survey information by Stats NZ.

Liz MacPherson

Government Statistician

Standards and further information

Percentage changes

Percentage movements are, in a number of cases, calculated using data of greater precision than that published. This could result in slight variations.

Rounding procedures

On occasion, figures are rounded to the nearest thousand or some other convenient unit. This may result in a total disagreeing slightly with the total of the individual items as shown in tables. Where figures are rounded the unit is in general expressed in words below the table headings, but where space does not allow this the unit may be shown as (000) for thousands, etc.

Source

All data is compiled by Stats NZ, except where otherwise stated. Both administrative and survey data has been used in this report.

Liability

While all care and diligence has been used in processing, analysing and extracting data and information in this report, Stats NZ gives no warranty it is error free and will not be liable for any loss or damage suffered as a result of the use, directly or indirectly, of information in this report.

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1 Highlights

Monthly highlights

In September 2019 compared with September 2018:

- Guest nights rose 0.2 percent to 19,399
- International guest nights fell 4.0 percent to 4,554
- Domestic guest nights rose 1.5 percent to 14,846
- The average length of stay fell from 1.76 nights to 1.71 nights
- The overall occupancy rate rose from 28.5 percent to 29.8 percent
- The occupancy rate, excluding holiday parks, was 50.7 percent in September 2019
- Accommodation capacity, excluding holiday parks, fell 1.4 percent.

Response rates for September 2019

The response rate for the Timaru RTO area was 85 percent for September 2019. The proportion of the origin-of-guest estimate from unadjusted data was 85 percent.

Figure 1.1

Timaru RTO Area Monthly Guest Nights

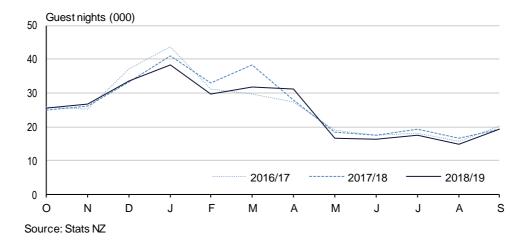
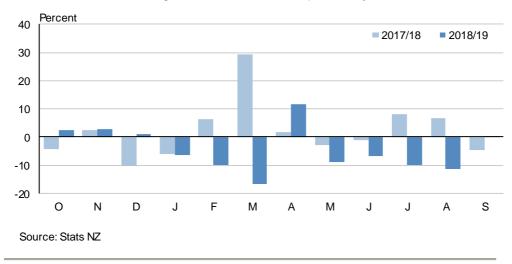


Figure 1.2

Timaru RTO Area Monthly Guest Nights

Change from same month of previous year



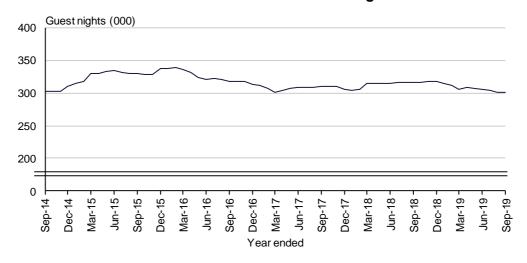
Year ended highlights

For the year ended September 2019 compared with the previous year:

- Guest nights fell 4.4 percent to 301,524
- International guest nights fell 0.5 percent to 96,304
- Domestic guest nights fell 6.2 percent to 205,220
- The average length of stay fell from 1.78 nights to 1.69 nights
- The overall occupancy rate fell from 35.7 percent to 33.8 percent
- The occupancy rate, excluding holiday parks, was 52.8 percent for the year ended September 2019
- Accommodation capacity, excluding holiday parks, fell 5.4 percent.

Figure 1.3

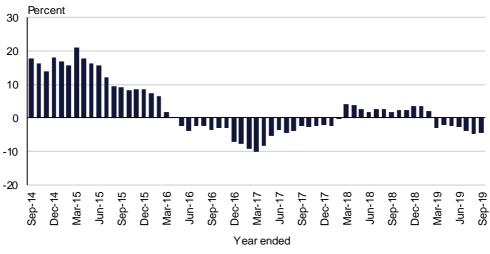
Timaru RTO Area Annual Guest Nights



Source: Stats NZ

Figure 1.4

Timaru RTO Area Annual Guest Nights
Change from previous year



Source: Stats NZ

2 Accommodation variables

In September 2019, compared with September 2018, there was an increase of 0.2 percent in total guest nights for the Timaru RTO area.

For the year ended September 2019, compared with the previous September year, total guest nights for the Timaru RTO area decreased 4.4 percent.

See table 2.1 for comparisons of data across the main accommodation variables.

Table 2.1 Timaru Accommodation Variables

By accommodation type Monthly and year ended⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

	11101111111		····	1						
	Monthly		,	Annual						
	September		Percentage	Year ended		Percentage				
Accommodation type	2018	2019	change	September 2018	September 2019	change				
Guest nights										
Total guest nights	19,365	19,399	0.2	315,505	301,524	-4.4				
International	4,745	4,554	-4.0	96,808	96,304	-0.5				
Domestic	14,620	14,846	1.5	218,697	205,220	-6.2				
Hotels	С	С	С	С	С	С				
Motels/apartments	10,716	11,410	6.5	157,346	146,970	-6.6				
Backpackers	C	C	C	C	C	C				
Holiday parks	6,238	5,791	-7.2	122,309	123,538	1.0				
		Occupan	cy rates (3) (%	(a)						
Hotels	С	C	C	C	С	С				
Motels/apartments	56.1	58.6	4.5	63.2	59.7	-5.6				
Backpackers	С	С	С	С	С	С				
Holiday parks	13.1	13.3	1.1	С	20.1	С				
Total	28.5	29.8	4.5	35.7	33.8	-5.1				
Total excluding holiday parks (4)	49.8	50.7	1.9	С	52.8	С				
		Average le	ength of sta	V ⁽⁵⁾						
Hotels	С	C	C	C	С	С				
Motels/apartments	1.67	1.64	-1.9	1.68	1.57	-6.5				
Backpackers	С	С	С	С	С	С				
Holiday parks	1.98	1.86	-6.1	С	С	С				
Total	1.76	1.71	-3.2	1.78	1.69	-5.3				
		Gues	t arrivals							
Hotels	С	С	С	С	С	С				
Motels/apartments	6,420	6,972	8.6	93,793	93,658	-0.1				
Backpackers	С	С	С	С	С	С				
Holiday parks	3,151	3,115	-1.2	С	С	С				
Total	10,983	11,361	3.4	176,862	178,551	1.0				
		Establ	ishments							
Hotels	6	6	0.0	6	6	0.0				
Motels/apartments	27	27	0.0	27	27	0.0				
Backpackers	2	2	0.0	2	2	0.0				
Holiday parks	7	6	-14.3	7	6	-14.3				
Total	42	41	-2.4	42	41	-2.4				
		Ca	pacity ⁽⁶⁾							
Hotels	3,360	3,360	0.0	40,973	40,322	-1.6				
Motels/apartments	12,060	11,820	-2.0	148,284	145,506	-1.9				
Backpackers	1,500	1,500	0.0	26,458	18,250	-31.0				
Holiday parks	23,370	21,150	-9.5	284,335	281,305	-1.1				
Total	40,290	37,830	-6.1	500,050	485,383	-2.9				

⁽¹⁾ Reclassifications, new businesses, ceased businesses, and temporary closures may affect figures.

Symbol:

C confidential

⁽²⁾ Irregular events, such as airshows and Easter, may affect percentage changes and other figures.

⁽³⁾ Occupancy rates are calculated as the ratio of used stay-unit nights to available stay-unit nights.

⁽⁴⁾ Holiday parks often have high capacity and can mislead when included in total occupancy rates.

⁽⁵⁾ Average length of stay is calculated as the ratio of guest nights to guest arrivals.

⁽⁶⁾ Capacity is calculated as the number of available stay-units multiplied by the number of days in the month.

3 Origin of guests

In September 2019, international guests accounted for 23.5 percent of all guest nights in the Timaru RTO area. When compared with September 2018, the number of international guest nights spent in the area in September 2019 was down 4.0 percent to 4,554. Domestic guest nights increased 1.5 percent, to 14,846, for the same period.

The proportion of the origin-of-guest estimate from actual data was 85 percent for September 2019.

Figure 3.1

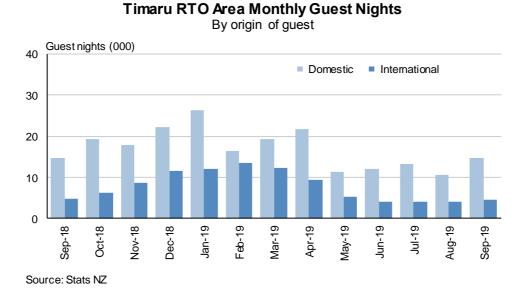


Table 3.1

Timaru and New Zealand Monthly Guest Nights

By origin of guest

		Timaru RTO ⁽¹⁾ area			New Zealand			
		Origin	of guest		Origin o	of guest		
		Domestic	International	Total	Domestic	International	Total	
Month								
2018	Sep	14,620	4,745	19,365	1,701,704	1,046,180	2,747,884	
	Oct	19,227	6,228	25,455	1,954,146	1,314,205	3,268,352	
	Nov	17,889	8,784	26,673	1,804,941	1,730,166	3,535,107	
	Dec	22,152	11,470	33,622	2,289,702	1,908,866	4,198,568	
2019	Jan	26,236	12,112	38,348	2,879,204	2,088,517	4,967,720	
	Feb	16,326	13,452	29,778	1,988,788	2,026,586	4,015,374	
	Mar	19,356	12,424	31,781	2,125,847	1,882,162	4,008,009	
	Apr	21,706	9,454	31,161	2,123,710	1,480,938	3,604,648	
	May	11,321	5,390	16,711	1,592,880	970,273	2,563,153	
	Jun	12,060	4,208	16,269	1,498,095	799,876	2,297,971	
	Jul	13,399	4,073	17,472	1,733,055	965,763	2,698,818	
	Aug	10,701	4,154	14,855	1,659,593	957,634	2,617,226	
	Sep	14,846	4,554	19,399	1,776,837	993,919	2,770,756	
	F	Percent chang	ge from the cur	rent month	of the previou	us year		
		1.5	-4.0	0.2	4.4	-5.0	0.8	
Year ended								
September	r 2018	218,697	96,808	315,505	22,519,587	17,539,546	40,059,134	
September	r 2019	205,220	96,304	301,524	23,426,796	17,118,905	40,545,702	
		Pe	ercent change	from previo	ous year			
		-6.2	-0.5	-4.4	4.0	-2.4	1.2	

⁽¹⁾ Regional tourism organisation

4 National results

In September 2019, a total of 2,771,000 guest nights were spent in short-term commercial accommodation in New Zealand, an increase of 23,000 nights (0.8 percent) from September 2018. The North Island recorded an increase (up 40,000 or 2.4 percent) while the South Island recorded a decrease (down 17,000 or 1.6 percent).

Three of the four accommodation types recorded an increase in guest nights in September 2019, compared with September 2018. Hotels had the largest increase in guest nights (up 12,000 or 1.1 percent), followed by motels (up 12,000 or 1.3 percent), and backpackers (up 10,000 or 3.0 percent). Holiday parks had the only decrease in guest nights (down 11,000 or 2.6 percent).

Refer to Table 4.1 for comparisons of data.

Table 4.1

Timaru and New Zealand Guest Nights

By accommodation type

By accommodation type Monthly and year ended

Accommodation Total guest nights Percentage change										
Accommodation	Total guest nights			Ĭ						
type 2017		2018 2019		2017 to 2018	2018 to 2019					
September month Timaru RTO area										
Hotels C C C C										
	_				C					
Motels	11,713	10,716	11,410	-8.5	6.5					
Backpackers	C	C	C	C	C					
Holiday parks	5,695	6,238	5,791	9.5	-7.2					
Total	20,268	19,365	19,399	-4.5	0.2					
		New Ze	aland							
Hotels	1,070,977	1,094,219	1,106,195	2.2	1.1					
Motels	889,823	916,580	928,174	3.0	1.3					
Backpackers	326,488	331,715	341,544	1.6	3.0					
Holiday parks	382,224	405,370	394,843	6.1	-2.6					
Total	2,669,511	2,747,884	2,770,756	2.9	0.8					
		Year ended	September							
		Timaru R	TO area							
Hotels	С	С	С	С	С					
Motels	157,501	157,346	146,970	-0.1	-6.6					
Backpackers	С	С	С	С	С					
Holiday parks	115,266	122,309	123,538	6.1	1.0					
Total	310,244	315,505	301,524	1.7	-4.4					
		New Ze	ealand							
Hotels	13,802,270	14,277,903	14,570,130	3.4	2.0					
Motels	12,285,546	12,429,939	12,497,465	1.2	0.5					
Backpackers	5,165,276	5,092,980	5,025,163	-1.4	-1.3					
Holiday parks	7,769,664	8,258,312	8,452,944	6.3	2.4					
Total	39,022,756	40,059,134	40,545,702	2.7	1.2					

5 Regional comparison

In September 2019, Auckland recorded the largest increase in guest nights (up 34,000 or 5.9 percent) from September 2018. This was followed by Waikato (up 12,000 or 12 percent), Hawke's Bay (up 5,000 or 6.6 percent), Queenstown (up 5,000 or 1.7 percent), and Manawatu (up 4,000 or 8.4 percent).

Wellington recorded the largest decrease (down 17,000 or 7.4 percent), followed by West Coast (down 9,000 or 12 percent), Bay of Plenty (down 6,000 or 7.3 percent), Dunedin (down 5,000 or 7.6 percent), and Taupo (down 5,000 or 6.2 percent).

Table 5.1

Regional Tourism Organisation Areas' Monthly Guest Nights

By origin of guest

	September guest nights									
	Domestic				International			Total		
RTO area	2018	2019	Percent age change	2018	2019	Percent age change	2018	2019	Percent age change	
Northland	69,608	69,594	0.0	26,955	27,513	2.1	96,563	97,107	0.6	
Auckland	324,739	369,038	13.6	261,999	252,105	-3.8	586,738	621,143	5.9	
Coromandel	33,115	32,264	-2.6	11,307	9,922	-12.2	44,422	42,186	-5.0	
Waikato	79,151	91,565	15.7	20,040	19,865	-0.9	99,191	111,430	12.3	
Bay of Plenty	69,157	62,873	-9.1	19,501	19,312	-1.0	88,658	82,185	-7.3	
Rotorua	95,632	96,865	1.3	56,947	58,661	3.0	152,579	155,526	1.9	
Taupo	61,107	59,530	-2.6	21,834	18,298	-16.2	82,941	77,828	-6.2	
Whakatane-	0.,.0.	00,000		,00 .	.0,200		02,0	,020	·	
Kaw erau	12,860	13,068	1.6	2,192	2,450	11.8	15,052	15,519	3.1	
Gisborne	22,665	22,587	-0.3	2,921	3,727	27.6	25,586	26,314	2.8	
Taranaki	37,960	38,492	1.4	4,923	4,732	-3.9	42,883	43,224	0.8	
Haw ke's Bay	62,856	68,479	8.9	17,435	17,148	-1.6	80,291	85,627	6.6	
Ruapehu	37,190	39,135	5.2	7,935	9,893	24.7	45,125	49,028	8.6	
Manaw atu	45,035	49,039	8.9	4,821	5,013	4.0	49,856	54,052	8.4	
Whanganui	13,339	14,573	9.2	2,441	2,629	7.7	15,780	17,202	9.0	
Wairarapa	16,019	16,666	4.0	1,396	1,286	-7.9	17,414	17,952	3.1	
Kapiti-Horow henua	15,098	18,546	22.8	1,971	1,893	-4.0	17,070	20,439	19.7	
Wellington	168,156	160,977	-4.3	57,342	47,820	-16.6	225,499	208,797	-7.4	
Marlborough	27,041	29,439	8.9	12,320	12,738	3.4	39,360	42,177	7.2	
Nelson-Tasman	51,599	51,473	-0.2	23,043	22,743	-1.3	74,643	74,217	-0.6	
Canterbury	153,071	161,312	5.4	109,527	104,185	-4.9	262,598	265,496	1.1	
Hurunui	16,451	15,729	-4.4	6,901	6,857	-0.6	23,352	22,587	-3.3	
Mackenzie	16,337	18,658	14.2	39,505	35,376	-10.5	55,842	54,034	-3.2	
Timaru	14,620	14,846	1.5	4,745	4,554	-4.0	19,365	19,399	0.2	
West Coast	35,354	31,383	-11.2	38,793	33,873	-12.7	74,147	65,256	-12.0	
Wanaka	22,305	26,131	17.1	44,075	37,061	-15.9	66,381	63,192	-4.8	
Queenstow n	88,937	94,879	6.7	178,118	176,807	-0.7	267,055	271,686	1.7	
Waitaki	15,298	12,877	-15.8	8,429	8,112	-3.8	23,728	20,989	-11.5	
Central Otago	13,887	12,182	-12.3	3,557	2,672	-24.9	17,444	14,853	-14.8	
Dunedin	46,059	47,196	2.5	22,269	15,943	-28.4	68,327	63,139	-7.6	
Clutha	4,176	3,301	-21.0	1,556	1,091	-29.9	5,732	4,392	-23.4	
Fiordland	10,535	10,542	0.1	22,571	21,248	-5.9	33,106	31,790	-4.0	
Southland	22,346	23,599	5.6	8,812	8,392	-4.8	31,158	31,992	2.7	
Total	1,701,704	1,776,837	4.4	1,046,180	993,919	-5.0	2,747,884	2,770,756	0.8	

Table 5.2

Regional Tourism Organisation Areas' Monthly Occupancy Rates⁽¹⁾

By accommodation type

		September 2019 occupancy rate								
		Accommodation type								
	Hotels	Motels	Backpackers	Holiday parks	Total	Total excluding holiday parks ⁽²⁾				
RTO area			Perd	cent						
Northland	38.0	44.4	23.9	10.1	20.2	36.5				
Auckland	79.8	67.9	58.2	19.1	66.2	72.5				
Coromandel	36.0	33.8	15.3	10.8	15.5	26.8				
Waikato	68.4	66.1	24.0	13.7	40.9	56.5				
Bay of Plenty	58.5	64.5	36.2	14.7	33.6	52.1				
Rotorua	70.1	57.3	22.3	22.4	42.6	48.1				
Taupo	57.8	55.7	30.4	13.5	35.8	47.2				
Whakatane-Kaw erau	C	54.1	C	7.7	16.9	44.9				
Gisborne	С	60.0	C	8.7	22.6	53.0				
Taranaki	42.3	46.8	21.6	13.3	29.8	40.3				
Haw ke's Bay	63.5	71.6	29.9	16.0	42.0	57.6				
Ruapehu	56.6	36.3	C	C	40.1	C				
Manaw atu	50.4	62.7	C	C	41.7	C				
Whanganui	С	59.3	47.5	C	31.2	C				
Wairarapa	49.4	51.1	C	C	25.1	27.4				
Kapiti-Horow henua	C	66.2	C	12.1	19.3					
Wellington	69.9	73.5	C	C	61.0	C				
Marlborough	43.7	49.2	21.0	19.9	30.9	37.7				
Nelson-Tasman	43.6	52.0	30.2	10.2	24.9	41.2				
Canterbury	61.4	53.5	32.1	15.2	38.0	49.9				
Hurunui	С	46.3	С	12.4	25.0	35.4				
Mackenzie	C	43.8	C	21.6	41.3	50.5				
Timaru	C	58.6	C	13.3	29.8	50.7				
West Coast	25.5	39.0	16.2	14.7	22.9	26.1				
Wanaka	58.5	63.5	44.9	17.5	34.9	54.3				
Queenstow n	75.5	57.9	60.4	25.2	61.4	67.0				
Waitaki	29.3	45.3	24.1	3.4	10.3	34.7				
Central Otago	С	52.9	С	3.7	11.1	36.5				
Dunedin	55.7	65.2	26.9	23.9	47.1	53.4				
Clutha	C	35.0	C	11.4	16.5	26.2				
Fiordland	29.2	31.9	C	C	24.6	C				
Southland	41.9	54.8	18.6	11.6	33.1	40.4				
Total	64.4	56.7	36.1	13.1	39.0	53.4				

⁽¹⁾ Occupancy rates are calculated as the ratio of stay unit nights to monthly capacity.

Symbols:

C confidential

... not applicable

⁽²⁾ Occupancy rates excluding holiday parks are included because the capacity of holiday parks can distort the total occupancy rates.

6 Accommodation Survey technical notes

Data source

We collect data from accommodation providers or their representatives each month, mostly via a postal survey.

Coverage

The Accommodation Survey covers most short-term commercial accommodation in New Zealand.

The target population for this survey is all accommodation providers with the following characteristics:

- operating on a commercial basis
- providing mainly short-term (less than one month) accommodation
- economically significant (generally meaning being GST-registered and having a turnover of at least \$30,000 per year)
- included in class 4400 (accommodation) or class 4520 (pubs, taverns, and bars) in ANZSICO6 (Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification 2006)
- classified to 'hotels', 'motels', 'backpacker accommodation', or 'holiday parks'.

Excluded:

- hosted accommodation (such as 'bed & breakfast' establishments)
- marine vessels (such as cruise ships)
- private dwellings
- tramping huts (non-commercial)
- event-specific accommodation (such as temporary campervan parks)
- businesses that cease operation or no longer provide short-term commercial accommodation
- businesses that temporarily shut down (eg for renovations) we remove them from the survey until they re-open.

Accommodation type classification

The predominant capacity provided by a business determines the accommodation type. For instance, if the business provides both motel and camping ground accommodation, but the majority of its stay units are motel rooms, then we classify it as a motel. We use the New Zealand Accommodation Classification, broadly defined below:

- hotels (including resorts)
- motels (including motor inns and serviced apartments)
- backpacker accommodation (including short-stay hostels)
- holiday parks (including caravan parks and camping grounds).

Confidentiality

'C' symbols are used in the tables where information has been suppressed. We do not release data from individual businesses.

Changes to survey content

Establishments may change the way they operate over time. If they do, they may be reclassified from one accommodation type to another. For example, if a holiday park adds sufficient motel units that it is operating more as a motel than a holiday park, it will be subject to reclassification to the 'motels' accommodation type. This type of change will tend to reduce surveyed guest nights and other figures for holiday parks (because there would be one fewer holiday park) while boosting guest nights and other figures for motels (because there would be one more motel).

Guest night and other movements, where the latest month is compared with the same month of the previous year, are affected for 12 months from the time that any reclassification is done. After 12 months, the reclassified establishment will appear in the same accommodation type in both comparison months.

Reclassifications of establishments are not the only changes that affect survey content and figures for the Accommodation Survey:

- When establishments temporarily cease operations, we take them out of the survey until they re-open. These changes affect figures for the number of establishments and available capacity.
- Businesses that start up, shut down, or move into or out of the short-term commercial accommodation industry also affect survey figures.

Survey errors

This survey aims for 100 percent coverage of the accommodation businesses in New Zealand (a full census). However, in practice, the overall response rate is usually between 76 and 80 percent. We estimate values for the remaining units based on the characteristics of similar establishments in the same or similar regions. This introduces unknown errors into the estimates, and users of the data should bear this in mind. The size of these unknown errors is difficult to quantify.

Other errors include respondent error, and errors in coverage, classification, and processing. Our editing processes identify and remove many errors, but some will likely remain. We cannot quantify the effect of the remaining errors.

Comparability

Accommodation Survey statistics are not always on the same basis as statistics from other sources. For example, 'average length of stay' in the Accommodation Survey is for all guests (domestic plus international), but in the International Visitor Arrivals to New Zealand reports, it is only for international guests.

More information

For further information on the Accommodation Survey, refer to webpage https://www.stats.govt.nz/topics/accommodation