



PERMITTING DECISION SUMMARY

NROL 162 & NROL 199

National Reconnaissance Office

1. The National Reconnaissance Office (NRO) is a U.S. government agency responsible for developing, acquiring, launching and operating signals, imagery, and communications satellites. NRO data is used to inform decision making by national policy makers and military and civil users in the U.S. and in U.S. partner nations, including New Zealand.
2. Specifically, NRO systems enable monitoring the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction; tracking international terrorists, drug traffickers, and criminal organisations; supporting international peacekeeping and humanitarian relief operations and assess the impact of natural disasters.
3. NROL 162 and NROL 199 are payloads designed, built, and operated by the NRO to support the agency's national security mission. Further details about the payload are protected.
4. Payloads are permitted in line with the [Outer Space and High-altitude Activities Act 2017](#) and the [Outer Space and High-altitude Activities \(Licences and Permits\) Regulations 2017](#).
5. Each payload has been approved by the Minister for Economic Development, on advice from officials across agencies. When approving payloads, the Minister needs to be satisfied that:
 - a. The applicant has taken and will continue to take all reasonable steps to safely manage the operation of the payload;
 - b. The proposed operation of the payload is consistent with New Zealand's international obligations; and
 - c. The applicant has an orbital debris mitigation plan that meets prescribed requirements.
 - d. Despite being satisfied of these matters, the Minister may nevertheless decline a permit if he is not satisfied that the proposed operation of the payload is in New Zealand's national interest.

Date Granted	Authorisation Number	Payload Name	Owner or Operator	Country of Origin
24 November 2021	210189-PPT	NROL 162 and NROL 199	National Reconnaissance Office	United States