

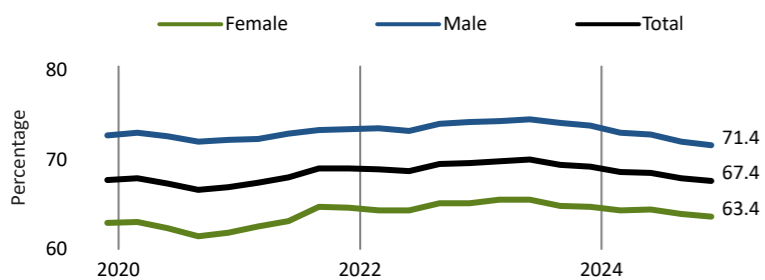
EMPLOYMENT

Employment Rate 67.4% Total 2,916,000
from last quarter -0.3pp from last quarter -3,000
from last year -1.6pp from last year -32,000

Male Employment Rate 71.4% **Aged 25-49 Employment rate** 85.5%
Total 1,529,000 Total 1,562,600
from last quarter -2,000 from last year +2,100
from last year -27,000

Female Employment Rate 63.4% **Aged 50+ Employment rate** 54.1%
Total 1,387,000 Total 986,100
from last quarter -1,000 from last year -12,300
from last year -5,000

Employment Rate



Full-time 2,330,000 **Part-time** 585,000
from last quarter -6,000 from last quarter +1,000
from last year -41,000 from last year +8,000

HOURS AND WAGES

Avg. Wkly Paid Hours (FTE) 38.06 **Avg. Hourly Earning** 42.57
from last quarter -0.02 from last quarter +0.59
from last year +0.03 from last year +1.73

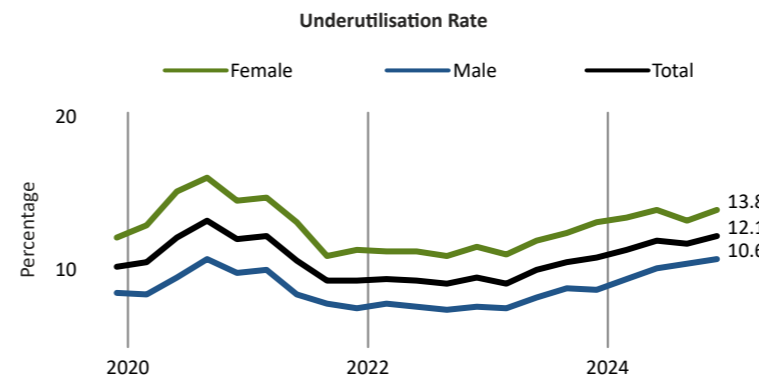
Industry	Employed	1 year change	5 yr chg	Average hourly earnings
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	163,500	-10,000	-1,500	NA
Mining	7,200	+300	+1,000	NA
Manufacturing	251,400	-7,400	-6,000	\$39.16
Electricity, Gas, Water and Waste Services	32,100	-800	+6,600	\$51.59
Construction	302,900	-1,100	+45,700	\$40.53
Wholesale Trade	94,800	-5,000	-3,300	\$42.22
Retail Trade and Accommodation	408,100	-9,800	+500	\$31.10
Transport, Postal and Warehousing	123,800	-5,700	-400	\$39.61
Information Media and Telecommunications	36,400	-6,600	-6,500	\$54.09
Financial and Insurance Services	102,400	+6,100	+17,900	\$60.24
Rental, Hiring and Real Estate Services	69,300	+6,400	+14,100	\$40.64
Professional, Scientific, Technical, Administrative and Support Services	376,300	-3,500	+38,800	\$48.08
Public Administration and Safety	206,200	NC	+49,000	\$49.86
Education and Training	226,600	+4,600	+19,200	\$44.11
Health Care and Social Assistance	312,200	-900	+23,100	\$45.98
Arts, Recreation and Other Services	190,700	NC	+20,900	\$36.49

UNDERUTILISATION

Underutilisation Rate 12.1% Total 385,000
from last quarter +0.5pp from last quarter +18,000
from last year +1.4pp from last year +46,000

Male Underutilisation Rate 10.6%
Total 176,000
from last quarter +6,000
from last year +33,000

Female Underutilisation Rate 13.8%
Total 209,000
from last quarter +12,000
from last year +13,000



Total 130,000 **UE Rate** 5.1% **Total** 156,000 **Total** 99,000
from last quarter +8,000 from last quarter +8,000 from last quarter +2,000
from last year +6,000 from last year +33,000 from last year +7,000

Male Total 49,000 **Male UE Rate** 4.9% **Aged 25-49 UE Rate** 3.5% **Male Total** 48,000
from last quarter +3,000 from last quarter +3,000 from last year +12,500 from last quarter no change
from last year +5,000 from last year +18,000 from last year +9,000

Female Total 81,000 **Female UE Rate** 5.2% **Aged 50+ UE Rate** 2.9% **Female Total** 51,000
from last quarter +5,000 from last quarter +4,000 from last year +7,400 from last quarter +2,000
from last year +1,000 from last year +15,000 from last year -3,000

Region	Employed				Unemployed			
	People	Rate	Change from last Year	Rate	People	Rate	Change from last Year	Rate
Northland	95,400	58.2%	-2,200 -1.9pp	6,800 6.7%	+2,000 +2.0pp			
Auckland	1,000,000	68.7%	-20,600 -2.8pp	56,200 5.3%	+11,800 +1.1pp			
Waikato	275,400	64.5%	+2,800 -0.5pp	19,300 6.5%	+6,000 +1.8pp			
Bay of Plenty	180,500	63.5%	-1,300 -1.2pp	9,100 4.8%	+400 +0.2pp			
Gisborne / Hawke's Bay	121,400	64.0%	-9,000 -5.5pp	4,200 3.4%	-900 -0.3pp			
Taranaki	70,400	67.8%	-1,800 -2.1pp	2,700 3.8%	NC +0.1pp			
Manawatū-Whanganui	138,900	65.9%	+3,900 +1.2pp	7,000 4.8%	+400 +0.1pp			
Wellington	323,700	71.4%	-7,300 -1.9pp	16,700 4.9%	+5,500 +1.6pp			
Tasman / Nelson / Marlborough / West Coast	112,300	66.8%	+1,000 +0.2pp	3,400 3.0%	-300 -0.2pp			
Canterbury	396,700	69.8%	+1,300 -0.6pp	19,500 4.7%	+4,800 +1.1pp			
Otago	157,900	73.1%	+3,600 +1.1pp	5,000 3.0%	+1,000 +0.5pp			
Southland	57,400	67.3%	-3,400 -4.4pp	3,600 5.9%	+1,600 +2.7pp			

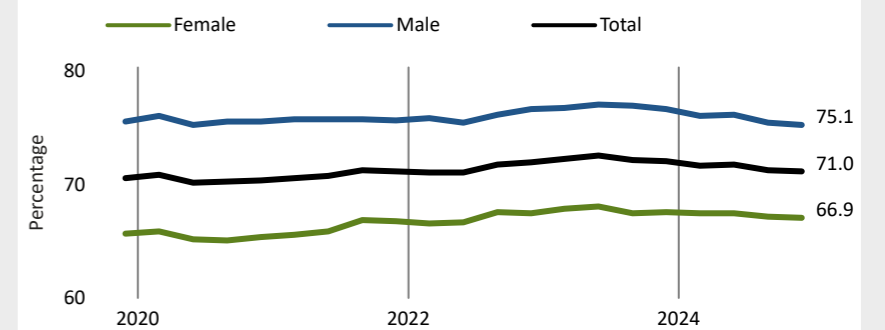
LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATE

Participation Rate 71.0% Total 3,071,000
from last quarter -0.1pp from last quarter +3,000
from last year -0.9pp from last year no change

Male Participation Rate 75.1% **Aged 25-49 Participation Rate** 88.7%
Total 1,608,000 Total 1,619,900
from last quarter +1,000 from last year +14,500
from last year -9,000

Female Participation Rate 66.9% **Aged 50+ Participation Rate** 55.7%
Total 1,463,000 Total 1,015,500
from last quarter +3,000 from last year -4,700
from last year +9,000

Labour Force Participation Rate

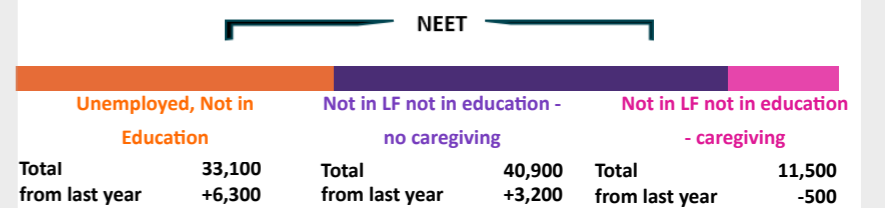
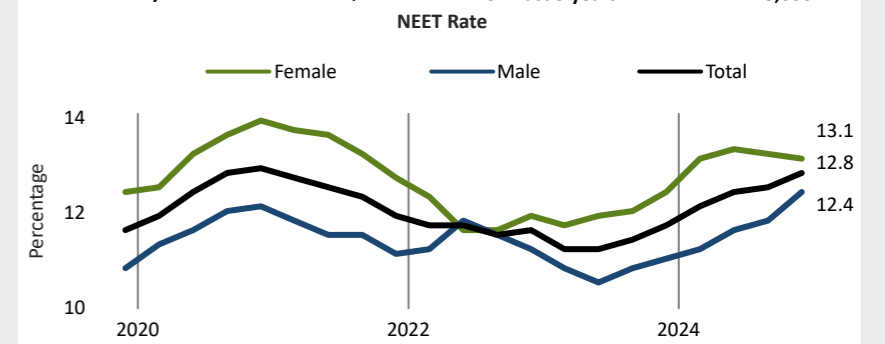


NOT IN EDUCATION, EMPLOYMENT OR TRAINING (Aged 15-24 years, annual average)

NEET rate 12.8% Total 85,500
from last year +1.1pp from last year +9,100
from last 5 years +1.2pp from last 5 years +9,500

Male NEET rate 12.4% **Aged 15-19 NEET rate** 10.1%
Total 42,900 Total 34,500
from last year +5,800 from last year +2,900
from last 5 years +6,300 from last 5 years +6,500

Female NEET rate 13.1% **Aged 20-24 NEET rate** 15.5%
Total 42,600 Total 51,000
from last year +3,300 from last year +6,300
from last 5 years +3,200 from last 5 years +3,000



Total 33,100 **Total** 40,900 **Total** 11,500
from last year +6,300 from last year +3,200 from last year -500

SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES

All data provided apart from regional, industry, age group and NEET breakdowns is seasonally adjusted. This process removes the seasonal component present when dealing with quarterly data. Seasonal patterns obscure the underlying behaviour of the series. For the unadjusted series, only annual changes are reported to avoid seasonal effects.

DEFINITIONS

EMPLOYED: People in the working-age population who, during the reference week, did one of the following:

- worked for one hour or more for pay or profit in the context of an employee/employer relationship or self-employment
- worked without pay for one hour or more in work which contributed directly to the operation of a farm, business, or professional practice owned or operated by a relative
- had a job but were not at work due to own illness or injury, personal or family responsibilities, bad weather or mechanical breakdown, direct involvement in an industrial dispute, or leave or holiday.

EMPLOYMENT RATE: The number of employed people expressed as a percentage of the working-age population. The employment rate is closely linked to the working-age population definition.

FULL-TIME/PART-TIME STATUS: Full-time workers usually work 30 hours or more per week, even if they did not do so in the survey reference week because of sickness, holidays, or other reasons. Part-time workers usually work fewer than 30 hours per week.

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT (FTE) JOBS: The total number of full-time jobs plus half the number of part-time jobs. Does not include working proprietors.

HOURS WORKED: Average weekly paid hours (FTE) are calculated by dividing total ordinary hours paid by total FTEs.

HOURLY EARNINGS: Average hourly earnings are calculated by dividing total gross earnings by total paid hours.

LABOUR FORCE: Members of the working-age population, who during the survey reference week, were classified as 'employed' or 'unemployed.'

LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATE: The total labour force expressed as a percentage of the working-age population. Labour force participation is closely linked to how the working-age population is defined.

NEET (NOT IN EMPLOYMENT, EDUCATION, OR TRAINING): Young people aged 15–24 years who are unemployed (part of the labour force) and not engaged in education or training, and those not in the labour force and not engaged in education or training for many reasons.

NEET RATE: The total number of youth (aged 15–24 years) who are not in education, employment, or training (NEET), as a proportion of the total youth working-age population.

NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE: Any neither employed nor unemployed. For example, this residual category includes people who:

- are retired
- have personal or family responsibilities such as unpaid housework and childcare
- attend educational institutions
- are permanently unable to work due to physical or mental disabilities,
- were temporarily unavailable for work in the survey reference week
- are not actively seeking work.

POTENTIAL LABOUR FORCE: The potential labour force consists of people who are not in the labour force but can be considered to be 'just outside it'. They meet two of the three criteria needed to be considered unemployed. Two main groups of individuals are in the potential labour force:

- **UNAVAILABLE JOBSEEKERS** – People who were actively seeking work, were not available to have started work in the reference week, but would become available within a short subsequent period
- **AVAILABLE POTENTIAL JOBSEEKERS** – People who are not actively seeking work but were available in the reference week and want a job.

UNDEREMPLOYMENT: People who are in part-time employment who would like to, and are available to, work more hours.

UNDERUTILISATION: The sum of those unemployed, underemployed, who are not actively seeking but are available and wanting a job and people who are actively seeking but not currently available, but will be available to work in the next four weeks.

UNEMPLOYED: All people in the working-age population who, during the reference week, were without a paid job, available for work, and had either actively sought work in the past four weeks ending with the reference week, or had a new job to start within the next four weeks.

UNEMPLOYMENT RATE: The number of unemployed people expressed as a percentage of the labour force.

WORKING-AGE POPULATION: The usually resident, non-institutionalised population of New Zealand aged 15 years and over.

Disclaimer

This document is a guide only. It should not be used as a substitute for legislation or legal advice. The Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment is not responsible for the results of any actions taken on the basis of information in this document, or for any errors or omissions.

Data Source

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Coverage difference

Average weekly paid hours and average hourly earnings are calculated from the Quarterly Employment Survey (QES), which has different coverage than the Household Labour Force Survey (HLFS). The QES is a survey of employers that excludes self-employed people, the Agriculture industry, unpaid family workers and New Zealand Defence Force, while the HLFS is a survey of households that only includes usually resident New Zealanders, so can exclude some temporary seasonal labourers. If you have any feedback, questions or suggestions please contact us at:

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