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**Region** Auckland

**Category** Individuals, Researchers and Academics

**Do you accept these terms & conditions?** Yes

A1. Establish a new consumer advisory council

#### A2. Ensure regulators listen to consumers

## B1. Establish a cross-sector energy hardship group

#### **B2.** Define energy hardship

That would be a good idea!

## **B3.** Establish a network of community-level support services to help consumers in energy hardship

**B4.** Set up a fund to help households in energy hardship become more energy efficient

B5. Offer extra financial support for households in energy hardship

# **B6.** Set mandatory minimum standards to protect vulnerable and medically dependent consumers

Yes. This is important

## B7. Prohibit prompt payment discounts but allow reasonable late payment fees

The prompt payment discount is irrelevant to me as I always pay early enough to ensure I get the discount. I would oppose the prohibition of prompt payment discounts if it meant that the price I paid was higher than it would have been with the prompt payment discount.

## B8. Seek bulk deals for social housing and/or Work and Income clients

This is a good idea, and should be offered to any consumer group. However, I would oppose it if it meant that energy retailers sought to recover margins from other consumers

## C1. Make it easier for consumers to shop around

This is a key issue. I do not believe I'm getting the best possible price for power, and I have looked at switching on a few occasions. I have not done so for the following reasons: 1) basic lack of trust in those making the offers -what are they not telling me? For instance, are they a spot price retailer but not being clear about that? Are they painting a "best case" scenario?

2) further to 1) - are organisations like Powerswitch really independent, or are they in cahoots with a particular organisation, and somehow interfering with the numbers to make one company look better than the others?

3) insistence that payments are by direct debit. I'm opposed to businesses reaching into my bank account for payment without my control. I have had bad experiences from some companies that have made it very difficult to stop direct debits

4) pricing mechanisms are obtuse - difficult for an ordinary consumer to make independent comparisons and know that the mechanisms are identical between those being compared

# **C2.** Include information on power bills to help consumers switch retailer or resolve billing disputes

This sounds like marking your own homework. Consumers should be assisted by an organisation or organisations completely independent of the company providing the power

## C3. Make it easier to access electricity usage data

Agree, by electronic means, and in a way that can directly link to price comparisons

#### C4. Make distributors offer retailers standard terms for network access

Agree, again, by having different terms it makes price comparisons more difficult and feeds mistrust

#### C5. Prohibit win-backs

## C6. Help non-switching consumers find better deals

See c1, c3, c4

**C7. Introduce retail price caps** 

#### D1. Toughen rules on disclosing wholesale market information

#### D2. Introduce mandatory market-making obligations

## **D3.** Make generator-retailers release information about the profitability of their retailing activities

#### D4. Monitor contract prices and generation costs more closely

Yes, an independent watchdog would be helpful here - maybe an organisation like Consumer?

## **D5.** Prohibit vertically integrated companies

Yes if it undermines fair competition, otherwise I don't have a problem with vertical integration

#### E1. Issue a government policy statement on transmission pricing

If by that you mean regulate transmission pricing, then I agree

#### E2. Issue a government policy statement on distribution pricing

If by that you mean regulate distribution pricing, then I agree. Neo liberalist ideologies have done New Zealand's citizens a great disservice, and nowhere is this clearer than in

the "privatisation" of public assets such as those involved in the generation, transmission and distribution of energy.

## E3. Limit price shocks from distribution price increases

## E4. Phase out low fixed charge tariff regulations

#### E5. Ensure access to smart meter data on reasonable terms

Yes. See section C

## **E6.** Strengthen the Commerce Commission's powers to regulate distributors' performance

My reservation about using the Commerce Commission in this way is that it can be ponderous. I wonder if there are not quicker sharper ways of regulating distributor performance.

#### E7. Make more information available to beneficiaries of energy trusts

#### E8. Require smaller distributors to amalgamate

E9. Lower Transpower and distributors' asset values and rates of return

**F1.** Give the Electricity Authority clearer, more flexible powers to regulate network access for distributed energy services

## **F2.** Transfer the Electricity Authority's transmission and distribution-related regulatory functions to the Commerce Commission

F3. Give regulators environmental and fairness goals

F4. Allow Electricity Authority decisions to be appealed on their merits

**F5.** Update the Electricity Authority's compliance framework and strengthen its information-gathering powers

#### F6. Establish an electricity and gas regulator

#### G1. Set up a fund to encourage more innovation

Yes, around energy efficiency and green technologies particularly

## G2. Examine security and resilience of electricity supply

Hasn't this already been done? If not then it represents incompetence and a dereliction of responsibility to all New Zealanders

#### G3. Encourage more co-ordination among agencies

## G4. Improve the energy efficiency of new and existing buildings